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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-10 (Canceled).

Claim 11 (Currently amended): A The method according to claim 10 18, wherein the period duration (55), or frequency, respectively, for the pulse width modulation for switching over the switching elements (6-9) of the bridge inverter (5) is set as a function of the energy current detected.

Claim 12 (Currently amended): A The method according to claim 10 18, wherein the switching times of the switching elements (6-9) of the bridge inverter (5) are evaluated as a function of the energy current detected and set automatically.

Claim 13 (Currently amended): A The method according to claim 10 18, wherein the switching times of the switching elements (6-9) of the bridge inverter (5) are calculated in dependence on the energy current detected or are selected from a

table with correspondingly stored data; in which table, e.g. corresponding values for the switching times, in particular for the dead time (42) and/or for the pulse duration (55) or the frequency, respectively, are stored for the most varying mean values.

Claim 14 (Currently amended): A The method according to claim 10 18, wherein the switching times of the switching elements (6-9) of the bridge inverter (5) are set as a function of the mean value of the current flowing over the primary winding (19) of the transformer (18).

Claim 15 (Currently amended): A The method according to claim 10 18, wherein the switching elements (6-9) are activated at appropriately set points of time.

Claim 16 (Currently amended): Ar inverter, in particular a A solar inverter (1), for feeding energy current produced by a d.c. voltage source (2) into an a.c. voltage grid (3), said inverter comprising a bridge inverter (5), a transformer (18), a rectifier (21), a back chopper (22) including a full bridge and an output filter (23), a control device (24) being provided for controlling the parameters of the inverter (1), wherein a device

for detecting the energy current produced by the d.c. voltage source (2) is provided, which device is connected to the control device (24), and in that wherein the bridge inverter (5) is designed for adapting a dead time (42) for the switching elements (6-9) and/or a pulse duration (55), or frequency, respectively, for the pulse width modulation as a function of the energy current detected, the dead time representing a time of the switching elements for switching over from one switching element to a further switching element connected in series of the bridge <u>inverter</u>.

Claim 17 (Currently amended): An The inverter according to claim 16, wherein the device for detecting the energy current produced by the d.c. voltage source (2) is formed by a current measurement unit (26) on the primary side of the transformer (18).

Claim 18 (New): A method for a solar inverter for feeding current produced by a d.c. voltage source into an a.c. voltage grid (3) comprising the steps of:

(a) chopping the current produced by the d.c. voltage source in a form of a pulse width modulation by a bridge inverter by

alternate switching of switching elements connected in parallel and connected in series;

- (b) transmitting the current chopped via a transformer connected between the switching elements that are connected in series; and
- (c) rectifying the current transmitted and feeding the current into the a.c. voltage grid via a buck chopper;

wherein, for a power adaptation, the switching times of the switching elements of the bridge inverter are controlled, or regulated, respectively;

wherein the current produced by the d.c. voltage source, is detected at intervals which are cyclical, or detected permanently, and

wherein a dead time of the switching elements of the bridge inverter is set as a function of the detected current of the d.c. voltage source, the dead time representing a time of the switching elements for switching over from one switching element to a further switching element connected in series of the bridge inverter.